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Correspondence, John C. Stennis, March 23-April 13, 1970

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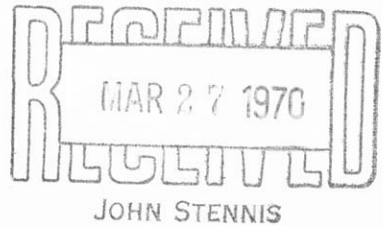
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Meridian Miss.
Mar. 23 rd 70

WASHINGTON OFFICE



Hon. John C. Stennis
Washington D.C.

Dear Mr. Stennis:—

We are so disturbed over the School Situation and everything in general. It seems that our whole Country has been taken over by the minority groups, who have been allowed to come into our Country care free without any question as to why they are here, and have stirred our Black People, and using them to carry out their Communistic Plans. and it seems that some of our Senators, and even our President is helping them along with it.

There are some Laws by our Supreme Court Judges and some by our Congressmen + Senators that should never have been made, also if such people as

[redacted] and others, are to help in Voting? How could we ever get a good Judge? or Freedom of choice in Schools? or anything good come out of it?

Please keep trying. you have been wonderful, and seems that a minority who are right if you keep trying may turn the tide, and if it doesn't. God help us, we have nothing to look forward to. That the majority is entitled to, the White People have Civil Rights too, but rarely ever allowed to claim it.

Inclosed is the issue of the Genocide Treaty. That's the last straw we would be better off without that United Nations and use the money to better our Country vote against it. Thanks. [redacted]

24-c Sen.

JOHN C. STENNIS, MISS., CHAIRMAN

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United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

April 13, 1970

[REDACTED]
Meridian, Mississippi

Dear [REDACTED]:

This is a special word to thank you for letting me know your ideas.

While the weakening of my amendment in its final form was a disappointment, it was only a temporary setback and a minor one compared with the overall gains. The exposure over a period of time of the true facts about the extent of segregation in the North has focused national attention on the problems in the South. The entire nation is now aware that the South is being treated unfairly and that the people of the South have been subjected to unreasonable demands and severe pressure while the North has gone entirely free although segregation in the northern and western areas is much greater than in the South. Also, the public exposure has changed the attitudes of many here in Washington. For the first time, the President of the United States has recognized in a statement of national policy that there are inequities in enforcement that should be corrected. Further, we have gained the support of many Senators from outside the South, including Senator Ribicoff of Connecticut, a liberal, a former Secretary of HEW and a former Governor of his State.

I completely agree with your ideas about the ratification of the Genocide Convention. While the idea of genocide is abhorant to everyone in the civilized world, ratification of this convention would leave the way open to external intervention into the internal affairs of our country and is therefore a questionable constitutionality. On that basis you may be assured that I will vigorously oppose this measure as it comes to the Senate Floor.

Sincerely yours,

John Stennis
United States Senator

JS:gp